First Public Workshop: Novel Tools for Novel Aircraft



Project overview

C. Schram von Karman Institute for Fluid Dynamics

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eVTOL mUlti-fideliTy hybrid desIgn and Optimization for low Noise and high aerodynamic performance

Grant Agreement 101138209

Novel aircraft require novel design tools

- Flightpath 2050 objectives
 - reduced pollutant emissions
 - lower noise footprint
 - → disruptive technologies and aircraft architectures
- Electrification
 - \rightarrow drastic opening of design space
 - Boundary Layer Ingestion
 - Distributed Electric Propulsion
 - New transportation paradigm: Urban Air Mobility







Hybrid multi-fidelity eVTOL design platform

• HORIZON-CL5-2023-D5-01-09 Topic description:

"innovative hybrid numerical/experimental procedures, tools and methodologies that will advance further the industrial aircraft design capabilities"

- <u>Hybrid</u>
 - Physics-based and data-driven models
 - Simulations and experiments for cross-validation and training surrogate models for fast and robust design / optimization
- <u>Multi-fidelity</u>
 - Model complexity / accuracy tailored to each step of the design process
 - Early stages: need for quick evaluation of many options, little info available
 - Later stages: need for accuracy on performance and eventually virtual certification



Design concept

- From isolated components to full assembly & systems
- From conceptual design (no CAD available) to final design (full CAD available)
- Concurrent evaluation of aerodynamic performance and acoustic emissions
- Cross-talk between assembly and simulation levels







- Accelerate the optimization cycle and improve its robustness thanks to machine learning surrogate models.
- Improve the accuracy and robustness of the design and optimization using advanced experimental/numerical cross-validation and training methodologies.
- Assess the **relative importance** of rotor self-noise, rotor-rotor interaction noise, and rotor-rotor-airframe interaction noise in eVTOLs.
- Mitigate the noise emissions of optimized rotors and rotor-airframe assemblies using flow and noise control technologies.
- Reduce the noise footprint of eVTOL aircraft during departure and approach thanks to optimized and safe trajectories.
- Support the elaboration of **noise certification procedures** for eVTOL.
- Increase the **social endorsement** of new aircraft architectures and on-demand urban air mobility.
- Support **future research** aimed at improving the aerodynamic performance and noise emissions of novel aircraft architectures.



Experimental configurations

- Configurations A (VKI, UBRI): isolated rotors, no flight effect
 - A1: single rotors
 - A2: tandem side-by-side, co- and contra-rotating
 - A3: tandem coaxial, co- and contra-rotating
 - A4: single rotor + strut / airfoil
- Configurations B (UBRI, GKN): isolated / installed (tilt) rotors with flight effects
 - B1: single rotor + (mis-)aligned incoming laminar/turbulent flow
 - B2: tandem rotors (1 tilt) + airframe
 - B3: multi (4-6) rotors with tilt and yawed inflow
- Configuration C (TUD): full assembly
 - Half-aircraft, 4 rotors, finite span, realistic airframe















WP7 (VKI) Data management, digital twin, guidelines and roadmap



EVTOLUTION

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Questions?

Enjoy your Workshop!

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